2016-02-22 Mondy Belen Llobell Marek Connell English notes

Work done	
Hmk	P81 ex2+3 Listening p91
Start Next week	P83 ex3

To beat someone (vencer)
To win something.
~~Catched~~ cought

Present	past	Participle
iat	Ate 8	iaten

Present	past	Participle
morder		
bite	bit	bitten
derrotar; golpear; latir; el ritmo		
beat	beat	beaten

He knows
Nose (nariz)
Noisy (adjective)
Noise (noun)

Address

This is about the contaminated air.
It's dangerous (peligroso) for the rest of humans/ human beings.
The water level ~~improve~~ goes up.
[Neicha] nature
[Nacheral] natural

To effect (v) ~~to~~ something.		
To have an effect (n) on something.		

False Friend	
1.	Factory (fabrica)
2.	fabric (tela)
3	To produce (to build, to manufacture)(fabricar)

Harm (dañar)
the green house (invernadero) effect (n)

To sink hundir (ship) lavabo/ pila
Drown (ahogarse)
GMOs genetically ~~modificate~~ modified food
Side effect (n) (efecto secundario)
Some people ~~fall~~ throw rubbish (basura) out on the beach.

It's a bit (un poco) concerning (preocupante)

Some boys with ~~meskers~~ masks.

~~The causes of it are the~~ Fumes from the cars couse pollution [u].

I can see (a) deforestation.

Also (adv) ~~lose~~ loss of nature.

[deincheres] dangerous (peligroso)

If I ~~have~~ had to choose from these (pl) problems....

~~The picture number~~ B.

In ~~the~~ (picture) (number) 1.

In ~~the~~ (picture) B.

In the 1st (picture)

It affects ~~the~~ nature.

Being more responsible (adj) about our ~~acts~~ [bihéivia] behaviour [u] (comportamiento).

Present	past	Participle
throw	threw	thrown
tirar		

People (pl) ~~threw~~ throw rubbish (basura) and they don't care.

These (pl) streets in the centre of the city ~~has~~ have a lot of bins.

More bins ~~to~~ for people (pl).

[əker] occur

chewing gum (chicle)

Conditionals		
If clause		**Main clause**
Type 0: If you press this button,		the light comes on.
Present tense	For automatic or habitual events both the if & main clauses are in the present tense	Present tense
If you heat water to 100°,		it boils.
Type 1: If I find your passport,		I'll post it to you.
·Present tense ·Present continuous ·Present perfect If clause generally refers to the future even though it is in the present tense		·Future tense ·May / can ·Command
If you feel cold (now), I'll shut the window.		
Type 2: If I knew his number,		I would ring him.
·Past Simple ·Past Continuous ·Past Simple If clause refers to an unreal past and expresses doubt or uncertainty		·Would + Infinitive ·Might ·Could ·Would + continous infinitive
If anyone tried to break in, the alarm went off.		
Past simple		Past simple
Type 3: If he had been in his office,		I would have seen him.
·Past perfect ·Perfect Continuous If clause refers to a past that did not happen		·Would + Perfect Infinitive ·Might ·Could
·Had (Formal) Had he been in his office, I would have seen him.		