

2016-03-15 Tuesday Marcos Marek Connell English notes

Work done	P26 p27 q1
Hmk 2016-03-15	P26 writing exc+ P30 writing
Start Next week	p27 ex2

<p>Deception Deceptive versus Deceit Deceitful</p> <p>Not the way it appears (cae p26) ≈premeditated cheating</p>
<p>People/intentionally = Deceitful = falso, embustero</p> <p>Objects and people/unintentionally = Deceiving = Engañoso</p>
<p>Normally, "deceitful" applies to individuals who, often by by nature, deceive others by intent. Think of "deceiving" to mean "not what you think it is or as it appears."</p> <p>For example: The cute appearance of a raccoon (mapache) is deceiving, but the animals cannot be deceitful, because they are not human and cannot form intent.</p>
<p>"Appearances can be deceiving" ^{fixed expression}</p> <p>"The island looks small from a distance, but this is deceptive; it's really quite big."</p>

Ghost

I felt deceived when my boyfriend **cheated** on **me**. ^{object}
sly (untrustworthy)

dodgy (poco fiable)

versus

Tacky/cheesy (hortero, charro, cursi, chabacano)

Tap-dance (claque)

pat on the back (golpecito en la espalda)

to stroke (acariciar)

Baffled (to be confused)

to baffle (to confuse)

[raf] rough (áspero/bruto)

[taf] tough (duro)

Past simple of regular verbs.		
Verb ends with t/d sound e=i	Everything else e=Ø	
w <u>o</u> nt <u>e</u> d dec <u>i</u> ded need <u>e</u> d	shopp <u>e</u> d laugh <u>e</u> d	Like <u>d</u> Enjoy <u>e</u> d Play <u>e</u> d Arriv <u>e</u> d

Ludd (parchis)

I ~~borned~~ **w**as **born** in 1922.
(“fui nacido”)

“My dad ~~borned~~ was born there.”

To be **born** (estar nacido)

To give birth (dar a luz)

I was **born** (nacido) in 1980

“The woman has just given birth.”

Dollar bill
bill (factura)



Pound note
Note^s (libreta)



The is door
window ajar
(slightly open.)