

2016-04-15 Thursday Sandra and Guadalupe Marek Connell English notes

Work done	28-31
Hmk	P4-7
Start Next week	P4-7

Question=How w^{as} y^{our} week?
answer=s^{ame} old s^{ame} old!
(The same as always.)

cloudy (nublado)

windy

I print^{ed} it.

The last time I travel^{led} # w^{as} last summer.

Some friend^s and I w^{as} went to r^{em}ember the past.

Trip/jour^{ney}

~~Taked~~ took

@ur hour

Times, days and dates	prepositio n	
(For times)	at	9 o'clock
(During the day)	In the	morning
(Days)	When...?	on Saturday
	What day...?	- Sunday
(Dates)	When...?	on the 1st of May
	What...?	the 2999.
(For months)	in	December
(For years)		1984
(For decades)	In the	80s/1980s
(Approximation)	About Around	the 25th of June.

Present	past	Participle
t ^e ke (tomar)	took	t ^e ken

Take time	
+object	cost ^s money.
+object	t ^e ke ^s time.
I like to t ^e ke my time.	
How long	does it t ^e ke ? (cuanto tiempo cuesta)
	you to + verb ...?
it t ^e ke ^s	minute ^s /hour ^s /day ^s .
(m ⁱ)	to get to +object.

The next/ last (The whole specified period)	of day/month/week/ year etc
the next/ last (Unspecific point in time or not the whole period)	

Compare the following:

- I shall be working for **the next week** and then I shall be on holiday. (= starting now for the next five or seven days)
 - I shall do some work **next week** before I go on holiday. (= some work, but not every day)
 - I'm going to have driving lessons **next year**. (= at some point during the year)
- For **the next twelve months** I shall be in Birmingham on a post-graduate course. (= all 12 months, starting now)
- **The last year** has been hell! First the divorce, then I lost my job! (= all 12 months up till now)
 - I got divorced **last year** and I plan to remarry this year. (= at some point during the year)
- I've had diarrhea for **the last week**, doctor. Can you give me something for it?
 - I had diarrhea **last week**. Couldn't eat anything for three days.

Horny (cachondo)

[Yerni] j^{oun}ni

[Travuld] tr^{av}elled

Did you l^{ave} the h^{ouse} at l^{ast} (por lo menos)?

My f^{ather's} b^{irthday} party.

Which w^{as} ~~it~~ the m^{ost} c^{omfortable} ^(adj)?

What I ~~had~~ to do.

It is ~~more~~ s^{uffer} ^(Cadj) to tr^{av}el by car.

If you have ~~to~~ an a^{ccident}.

Bus

What do you think is it m^{ore} d^{angerous}....?

[deíncheres] d^{angerous}

[difikəlt] d^{ifficult} ^(adj)

[pablik] p^{ublic}

E.g. = (example given.)

But we always read:

For e^xamp^{le} ≈[eksámpul]

i.e (id est, a Latin phrase meaning "that is." ≈osea)

Trams

Are th^{ere} speed (velocidad) c^{amera}s?

Th^{ere} are some in the tunnels.

It's d^{epend}.

[eeria] g^{ri}a

Mouth s^{outh}

[saikel] c^{ycle} [leins] l^{ines} ^{plural}

I have [cheincht] ch^{anged} school, so I ~~use~~ the metro.

[Eksampul]

[Inaf] ~~in~~ough (bastante)

th^{ere} should ^(m) b^e m^{ore}.

You can get a f^{ine}.

Lorry/ truck (camión)

On the I^{nternet}

Th^{ey} don't a^{llow} you to drive through (a traves) the city.

You t^{alk} with s^{omeone} on your p^{hone}.

[shud] sh^{ould} ^(m)

I [thot] th^{ought} (pense) you ~~te~~ [sed] s^{aid} 20.

L^{ic}en^{ce}

f^{air} (justo)

[conshes] c^{on}scious (consciente)

[conshens] c^{on}sci^{en}ce (la conciencia)

L^dan (prestamo)

Low (lei) [loo]

L^{ay}er (capa) [leie]

Low^yer (abogado) [loie]

Low^{er} (mas bajo) [loue]

[Sevilla] s^{ev}er^e (severo/duro)

[priperd] p^{re}pared


# is adjective the + object (eSpaniolada)				
1.	The object is adjective . e.g: Tennis is very interesting. e.g: Tennis is a very interesting game .			
2.	adjective	→	to	→ + verb
		→	for	→ verb+ing
				→ +object
It is important to + verb.				
It is important to play tennis well. Computers are critical for learning.				





An a^{rg}ument (discusión)
To a^{rg}ue (discutir)
To discuss/d^{ib}ate (debatir)
dis^gust (el asco)

It's d^{epend}s ~~of~~ ~~it~~ on ...
D^{epend}ing on...
It's d^{epend}s.

	R ^d ad	(carretera)
On the	m ^{ot} orway	 (autovia)
	h ^{igh} way freeway	 (autopista)
	Toll r ^{oad} ^{plural}	(autopista)

Let + to	
1	It only lets you to play once Let it to be (The Beatles)
	a ^{llow} (pronoun) + to
2	Allow him to speak. It only allows you to play once

	g ^d s ^{ack} ling b ^a bike.
	g ^d for a bike ride.
	T ^{or} ide (on) a bike.
	c ^{ycle} (c ^{ycl} ist ^s) tr ^{av} el b ^y bike.
T ^o do spinning	

A conductor		
to conduct/do an experiment		
to pilot/fly a plane.		
to conduct drive a car.		
to ride	a ride / bicycle / motorbike	
To run walk	on your feet	

[roun] rɒ'ad (calle)