

2016-04-23 Saturday Gloria Server Marek Connell English notes

You will put this image up on the wall, covering everything else.

[lonk] long

I didn't went to work.

Basicall Basic

My workmate say to'd m ...

on holiday

[taied] tired

When they comes c'me with to my office.

I need to spiak in this class.

They it wOs a street very

busy street.

Traffic light (el semáforo)

Skunk (zorrillo) funk

Smell	(+) good	(oler)
	(-)bad	(apestar)
stink (-)	(apestoso/apesto)	

False Friend		
1.	Factory	(fabrica)
2.	fabric	(tela)
3.	To produce (to build, to manufacture)	(fabricar)

Stay X	
The people that stay are in this photo.	
When I stayed wOs at high- School.	
I stay wOs with some friends.	
"When I was in France I stayed in a hotel/ at my aunt's house."	✓
The people who stays are on the board of directors.	
"We stayed wOs in a dictatorship (dictadura)."	
"I have stayed been in Starbucks only once."	
"I've never stayed been to London."	

I have to	catch	plane	train
	t'ke	(in general)	car.
	the	(your car)	

I have to catch t'ke the car.

on the outskirts (las afueras) of the city.

[Lándən] London

You can choose with some which café's you go to.

Near	to / of	
Close	to	Valenci
Next		
Far	(a w'y)from	

Baguette (bocadillo)

Open Some new different restaurOnt's have opened recently.

soul café in Paiporta

[Thiətə] thietr
[kiləmitə] kilomitr
[mitə] mitr
[sentə] centr
[kalibə] calibre






It's depend's of on...
Depending
It's depend's. (punto)

[T] transitive verb	[I] intransitive verb
Can be followed by an object without a preposition. "Marek broke the chair."	Cannot be followed by an object without a preposition. Marek sat in the chair. appears occurs starts happens exists opens
Transitive phrasal verbs are separable. He picks the chair up or... He picks up the chair	Intransitive phrasal verbs are not separable. He gets out the car





[minits] minute^s



1st conditional (possible future)	
If (present)	I am sure that
Main clause (future)	someone is go ^{ing} to come in.

Present	past	Participle
catch	[cot]cought	[cot]cought
	(coger)	

Couch(sofa)	
Coach (bus/entrenadore)	 
Trainer ^s (zapatos de deporte/ entrenadores)	 

To dinner	
To take	have a breakfast(desayuno)
eat	lunch (comida)
	dinner (cena)
	a meal
But... a good (adj) dinner, breakfast etc.	
have	a drink
To take	drink
eat	have a dinner
	To party ("fiestear")

Zoom in (on+object)
Zoom out (of+object)
Can you zoom-in on the picture ...in the bottom/top left/right corner?)
<div>Left Click</div> <div>Right Click</div> <div>Vertical Scrolling</div> <div>Backward and Forward</div>
   
Scroll ↓down/up

Underground always the tube (LONDON ONLY!)	
subway NEW YORK ONLY!	
METRO →	(general term)
Mètre	100cm

Crowded (abarroado)

[minits] minute^s

To be on time.

Detour (el desvío)

1.	Llegar a acostumbrarse	(To) become I get used to + verb+ing (process) speaking English
2.	estar acostumbrado	(To) be I am used to + verb+ing (state) speaking English
3.	(solia)	I used to would + verb (past) speak English
4.	(suelo)	I usually + verb (frequent) speak in English

Road	(carretera)
On the motorway ^{UK} highway ^{USA}	(autovia)
Toll road ^{Spain}	(autopista)
Something takes its toll on you. (te pasa la factura)	
Toll charge (peaje)	
Congestion charge = city	

There are a lot of floors in my flat.

Construction


The most people in the less least space.

leave house home.
fly the nest (nido).
To move out from home.
move in with someone


To be packed like a tin of sardines.



tin of beans (solids)



can of Coke (liquids)



Una lata

The same that as in the cafés.

It sounds rings me a bell to me (me suena)
It doesn't ring a bell (no me suena)
It (doesn't) seems/sound familiar.

You can choose what you want.

Direct question	Indirect question
Where ^{1st} are ^{2nd} you from?	Can you tell me where ^{1st} you ^{2nd} are from?
Where ^{1st} do ^{2nd} you live?	I would like to know where ^{1st} you ^{2nd} live.
Where ^{1st} have ^{2nd} you been?	I want to know where ^{2nd} you ^{2nd} have been.

Toll (alto distancia)

High ^(adj) (alto distancia)

Height ⁽ⁿ⁾

Loud ^(adj) (alto volumen)

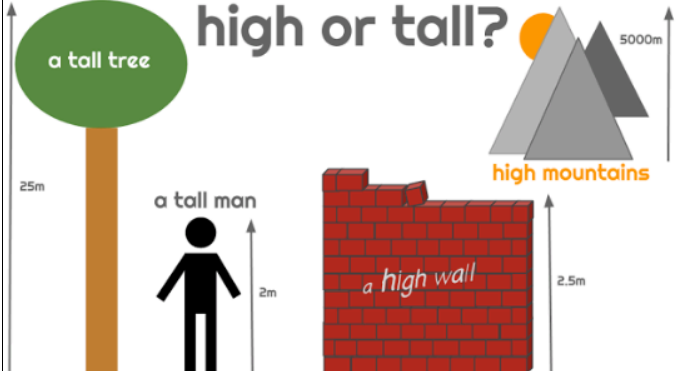
Is it high or tall?

If you're not sure whether to use *high* or *tall*, try thinking about the overall size of the object:

- We use **tall** mainly for things which are narrower or thinner than they are high: *tall people, tall trees, tall buildings*.
- We prefer to use **high** for things which are very wide: *high mountains, high walls*.

Find out more: ...

high or tall?



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Prⁱmark is a complⁱte [hedeik] headⁱche (dolor de cabeza).

When I w^os growi^g up.

I go^d to the sⁱme^s shop^s.

Brand (marca)

To L^ast

To l^at

My j^an^s l^ast long^er.

The sⁱze (tamaño)

Comer	to l ^a t
yo como	i l ^a t
Hablar	to sp ⁱ ak
El habla	He sp ⁱ ak ^s
decir	to s ^e y
ellos dicen	they s ^e y

If I e^atch t^eke the le^ast sm^oll^est sⁱze.

Present	past	Participle
t ^e ke (tomar)	took	t ^e k ^e n

W^este

leggiⁿs (las mayas)

To m^ake h^ave a b^arbi/ b^arbe^que. (barbacua)

An i ^t em (articulo) of cl ^o thi ^g	
Some	cl ^o th ^e s are ...
A p ⁱ ece of	new s ^h o ^e s is...
Some	Short s ^h o ^e s
A p ^a ir of	tr ^o use ^r s
	scissors are ...
Some	g ^l ass ^e s
	trainers
	j ^a n ^s