

2016-04-25 Monday Juan Llobell Marek Connell English notes

To **find out** (about) **figure out** +object.
(to discover / to find the answer to something)

2 weeks of **unwinding** and **relaxing**.

It's a first

(the first time something has happened or been done.)

"Wow, that sounds like a first-you going away with your brother."

If he gets the high enough mark.

It is higher than the one I obtained.

Could you zoom in on it a bit.

...as there it is no light dark (oscuro).

Bonfire (la hoguera)

That kind of situations

It has does not have to be what I said...

Needn't vs don't need to

Needn't have and didn't need to

Both these forms are used to talk about past events, but there is sometimes a difference in use. When we say that someone **needn't have** done something, it means that they did it, but it was not necessary. **Didn't need to** is also sometimes used in this way:

You needn't have washed the dishes. I would've put them in the dishwasher.

You didn't need to wash the dishes. I would've put them in the dishwasher.

I didn't need to prepare all that food. They phoned to say they wouldn't be coming.

I needn't have prepared all that food. They phoned to say they wouldn't be coming.

But we also use **didn't need to** to say that something was not necessary under circumstances where it was not done:

The sun came out so we **didn't need to** take any rainwear on the trip.

We had plenty of petrol in the tank so I **didn't need to** fill up.

We **didn't need to** wait for long for them. They arrived just after us.

Needn't and don't need to

There is also a difference in use when these verbs are used to describe present situations.

We can use both **needn't** and **don't need to** to give permission to someone not to do something in the immediate future. We can also use **need** as a noun here:

You **don't need to** water the garden this evening. It's going to rain tonight.

You **needn't** water the garden this evening. It's going to rain tonight.

There's **no need to** water the garden this evening. It's going to rain tonight.

You **don't need to** shout. It's a good line. I can hear you perfectly.

You **needn't** shout. It's a good line. I can hear you perfectly.

There's **no need to** shout. It's a good line. I can hear you perfectly.

However, when we are talking about general necessity, we normally use **don't need to**:

You **don't need to** pay for medical care in National Health Service hospitals.

You **don't need to** be rich to get into this golf club. You just need a handicap.

Need

Note from the above examples that **need** can either act as a modal verb or as an ordinary verb. When it acts as a modal auxiliary verb it is nearly always used in negative sentences, as the above examples illustrate, although it is sometimes also used in questions as a modal verb:

Need you leave straightaway? Can't you stay longer?

Need I say more? I would like you to stay.

The photo B.

To last^(v) (durar)
The duration^(adj)
The last (ultimo)
the latest (el mas nuevo)

ice rink (≈ la pista de patinaje, la pista de hielo)

[Boo ^t] bought	
Boot (bota/maletero) (UK)	
Trunk (maletero) (USA)	
Boat (barco)	both (ambos)

Ice-cream van (furgoneta).

A stand/stand (un puesto)

It can have be much more better quality.

Valencia's dry-river-bed park

There are some kind of stands like that.

There are some stands ... of that type.

How's What's the name of the...?

Spain is a significant agricultural force in the world.

China is becoming a significant military power in the world.

I'm not an expert...

Neither am I.

I haven't been to London.

Neither have I.

I haven't got/don't have a car.

Neither do I.

Colonise

pollenise pollinate

You were making doing a

research about...

yuck! (ipuj!) ahg argghhh!

Vignette

Honesty

We are quite brash (descarado)

purity

camp = (amanerado/ con pluma)

To be straight. (hetero)

bent (gay)

To come out of the closet. (salir del armario)

I don't wanna bother (worry) offend you but...

Plastic surgery

to feel phished.

Fashion shows.

In the	(picture) (question)	number 1.
	letter	A.
In the 1st	(picture /image /question)	
the Letter A	is answering	the 6th question.
I think sentence "A"	is answering	the question number 3.
I think sentence "A"	is answering	question (number) 1.
I think "X"	goes with	"Y".

+Object	has is	good (adj)	quality	materials.
It is made of	good	quality	materials.	

parlour	a sitting room in a private house.
A tattoo parlour /studio.	
ice-cream parlour	

The weakest link (enlace) in the chain (cadena/colgante).

Touchy feely

Openly expressing affection or other emotions.

"touchy-feely guys calling home to talk baby talk to their kids"

Characteristic of or relating to the open expression of emotion."such touchy-feely topics as employees' personal values"

You have to take it on the chin (el mentón)

(to accept unpleasant events bravely and without complaining)

The **boundaries** (límites; fronteras) are becoming blurred (borroso).

So **should** we talk together?

Food and hospitality (hostelería)

Abound (abundar)

It's not a skills demanding job in terms of skills.

The imminent / impending (inminente)

I don't know what the situation with bees (avejas) is.

To cross the line

To overstep the mark

They can start being become at risk of extinction.

It may have an effect (v) effect (n) on their ...

It may have effected their....




Maybe it's everything is related.






The bee population of bee is falling down.

Go up (subir)

Go down (bajar)

A boob (tetas) job (breast implants)	Plastic surgery
nd'se job	
To give a blowjob headjob	chupada/mamada
To blow (soplar)	
To strike (golpear)	a blow (puñetazo)

A brick carton of milk	
A Cartoon programme	
Cardboard (el cartón)	
Brick (ladrillo)	

	 to fall (down). to fall off a ladder to fall on the floor (or a nail etc)	 to fall (down)
		 to fall down some stairs

[high-jean] Hygiene

[blerd] blurred (borroso)

if you see how the process is.

if you see how what the process is like.

They economise everything.

This economisation of their resources.

They are threatening the hygiene of their products their customer's health.

In jeopardy (peligro)

double jeopardy (procesamiento por segunda vez)

All that kinds of stuffs.

They are prone to transmitting illness (enfermedad).

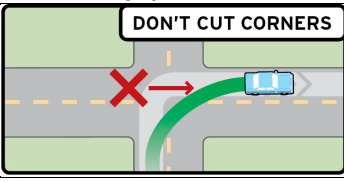
50 people were intoxicated with alcohol.

Puffer fish.

Poisoned

I got food poisoning.

The bee's population (población) is dropping / declining.

To cut corners (cortaresquinas) (≈Evadirse) (≈save money)

≈atajos

To be tried (cursado) for murder (asesino).

To be prone to (verb+ing)+(noun)
(propenso)

To be	well-off	financially comfortable
		(adinerado)
	minted	≈(forrado/tener mucha pasta)
Royal	mint	(≈la casa la moneda)