

# 2018-02-14 Tuesday Montse Marco Marek Connell English notes 1

I w<sup>(str@)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>n<sup>(past tense)</sup>t <sup>(subject)</sup>a<sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>h<sup>(past tense)</sup>er <sup>(past tense)</sup>p<sup>(past tense)</sup>e<sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>p<sup>(past tense)</sup>l<sup>(past tense)</sup>e <sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>o <sup>(past tense)</sup>l<sup>(past tense)</sup>e<sup>(past tense)</sup>ar<sup>(past tense)</sup>n <sup>(past tense)</sup>f<sup>(past tense)</sup>ro<sup>(past tense)</sup>m <sup>(past tense)</sup>y<sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>u<sup>(past tense)</sup>r <sup>(past tense)</sup>m<sup>(past tense)</sup>is<sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>a<sup>(past tense)</sup>k<sup>(past tense)</sup>e<sup>(past tense)</sup>s.

I'm <sup>(past tense)</sup>n<sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>t <sup>(past tense)</sup>g<sup>(past tense)</sup>e<sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>i<sup>(past tense)</sup>ng <sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>h<sup>(past tense)</sup>e <sup>(past tense)</sup>r<sup>(past tense)</sup>e<sup>(past tense)</sup>s<sup>(past tense)</sup>u<sup>(past tense)</sup>l<sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>s <sup>(past tense)</sup>I <sup>(past tense)</sup>w<sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>n<sup>(past tense)</sup>t.

To <sup>(past tense)</sup>r<sup>(past tense)</sup>e<sup>(past tense)</sup>c<sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>r<sup>(past tense)</sup>d <sup>(past tense)</sup>(grabar) <sup>(past tense)</sup>s<sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>m<sup>(past tense)</sup>e<sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>h<sup>(past tense)</sup>i<sup>(past tense)</sup>ng <sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>n<sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>o <sup>(past tense)</sup>a<sup>(past tense)</sup> <sup>(past tense)</sup>r<sup>(past tense)</sup>e<sup>(past tense)</sup>c<sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>r<sup>(past tense)</sup>d <sup>(past tense)</sup>(vinilo)

I <sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>h<sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>u<sup>(past tense)</sup>g<sup>(past tense)</sup>h<sup>(past tense)</sup>t <sup>(past tense)</sup>"k<sup>(past tense)</sup>i<sup>(past tense)</sup>l<sup>(past tense)</sup>l<sup>(past tense)</sup> m<sup>(past tense)</sup>e <sup>(past tense)</sup>n<sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>w!"

How <sup>(past tense)</sup>l<sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>n<sup>(past tense)</sup>g<sup>(past tense)</sup> w<sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>s <sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>h<sup>(past tense)</sup>e <sup>(past tense)</sup>w<sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>r<sup>(past tense)</sup>k<sup>(past tense)</sup>h<sup>(past tense)</sup>o<sup>(past tense)</sup>p<sup>(past tense)</sup> <sup>(past tense)</sup>(taller)?

- 1.[kólik(s)] <sup>(past tense)</sup>co<sup>(past tense)</sup>ll<sup>(past tense)</sup>e<sup>(past tense)</sup>k<sup>(past tense)</sup>u<sup>(past tense)</sup>e<sup>(past tense)</sup>(s) <sup>(past tense)</sup>(compañero)
- 2.[kólich(is)] <sup>(past tense)</sup>co<sup>(past tense)</sup>ll<sup>(past tense)</sup>e<sup>(past tense)</sup>g<sup>(past tense)</sup>e <sup>(past tense)</sup>(bachiller)

Present	past	Participle
Understand	Understood	Understood
	(entender)	

A couple (una pareja (2 personas) (colectivo))
my couple My partner (boyfriend /girlfriend)
A couple of people (algunas personas)
also: partner (socio)
To be in a relationship.
There are a couple of French people. (algunas personas)
There is a French couple. (una pareja)

[Lándən] Lɒndən

Present	Past	Participle
win	[uan]Wɒn	[uan] Wɒn
	(Ganar)	

Who <sup>(past tense)</sup>d<sup>(past tense)</sup>i<sup>(past tense)</sup>d <sup>(past tense)</sup>s<sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>a<sup>(past tense)</sup>r<sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>e<sup>(past tense)</sup>d <sup>(past tense)</sup>t<sup>(past tense)</sup>h<sup>(past tense)</sup>e <sup>(past tense)</sup>f<sup>(past tense)</sup>i<sup>(past tense)</sup>g<sup>(past tense)</sup>h<sup>(past tense)</sup>t?

"??? ate pizza?" "Who <del>did</del> ate pizza?"	→ Subject questions	Marek ate pizza.
"??? Marek eat?" "What <del>did</del> Marek eat?"	→ object questions	Marek ate pizza.
Subject questions (The question word refers to the subject that performs the action of the verb) We want to know the person or thing that performed the action.		
(Question=subject=doer)	Aux	
What	did	happened? → "An accident happened."
Who	does	loves Romeo? → Juliet loves Romeo.
Who	did	gave the keys to John? → I gave the keys to John.
Object Questions (The question word refers to the object that receives the action of the verb) (we want to know about the receiver of the action.)		
(Question word= direct/indirect object) (receiver)	(Aux)	(sub)
What	do?	do?
What	love?	love?
Who	love?	love?
Whose car	is it?	
Who	are you?	
Who	did you give the keys to?	
What	did you eat?	
direct/indirect object		
"I ate chocolate"		
I love chocolate		
Romeo loves Juliet.		
The car is Marek's.		
I am John.		
I gave the keys to John.		
I ate chocolate.		

<p>Transitive verb</p> <p>Can be followed by an <b>object</b> without a preposition.</p> <p>"Marek broke <b>the chair</b>."</p> <p><b>Transitive phrasal verbs</b> are generally <b>separable</b>.</p> <p>He <b>picks up</b> the chair</p> <p>He <b>picks</b> the chair <b>up</b> or...</p>	<p><b>intransitive verb</b></p> <p>Cannot be followed by an object without a preposition.</p> <p>"Marek sat <b>in the chair</b>."</p> <p><del>starts the film</del> → <b>the film</b> starts</p> <table><tr><td>happen exist</td><td>appear <b>open</b></td><td>occur start</td></tr></table> <p><b>Intransitive phrasal verbs</b> are not generally <b>separable</b>.</p> <p>I <b>ran into</b> an old friend yesterday.</p> <p><del>I ran an old friend into yesterday.</del></p>	happen exist	appear <b>open</b>	occur start
happen exist	appear <b>open</b>	occur start		

<p><b>INTRANSITIVE VERBS</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>An action verb that cannot have a direct object to receive the action.</li> <li>Many verbs normally do not have an object, they are the intransitive verbs.</li> <li>They are often refer to:</li> </ul> <table> <tr> <th>GROUP</th><th>EXAMPLES</th></tr> <tr> <td>Existence</td><td>Appear, die, disappear, live, happen, remain.</td></tr> <tr> <td>The human body</td><td>Ache, bleed, blush, faint, shiver, smile.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Human noises</td><td>Cough, cry, laugh, speak, snore, scream, yawn.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Light, smell, vibration</td><td>Glow, shine, sparkle, stink, throb, vibrate.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Position, movement</td><td>Arrive, come, depart, fall, flow, go, kneel, run, sit, sleep, stand, swim, wait, walk, work.</td></tr> </table>		GROUP	EXAMPLES	Existence	Appear, die, disappear, live, happen, remain.	The human body	Ache, bleed, blush, faint, shiver, smile.	Human noises	Cough, cry, laugh, speak, snore, scream, yawn.	Light, smell, vibration	Glow, shine, sparkle, stink, throb, vibrate.	Position, movement	Arrive, come, depart, fall, flow, go, kneel, run, sit, sleep, stand, swim, wait, walk, work.
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<http://www.slideshare.net/ghobbib/separable-phrasalverbs>

\*\*The Phrasal Verb **GOLDEN** rule: If you use an **DIRECT OBJECT PRONOUN** (me, you, him/her/it, us, them), the phrasal verb **MUST** be separated, going between the verb and the particle.

Correct: Tom handed **it** in. I took **them** off.  
Incorrect: Tom handed-in-it. I took-off-them.

<http://jetlag-english.blogspot.com.es/2012/04/separableinseparable-phrasal-verbs-will.html>

Marek won 3 **championships**.

The <b>U.S.</b> (A)
The <b>United States</b> .

Present	past	Participle
Come (s)	came	come
	<b>venir</b>	

Present	past	Participle
[bikəm] be <b>co</b> me	[bɪkə <b>m</b> ] be <b>co</b> me	[bɪkə <b>m</b> ] be <b>co</b> me
<b>Convertirse/hacerse</b>		

[moust] m <b>ou</b> st	[moument] m <b>ou</b> ment
m <b>ou</b> ble	p <b>ou</b> st
t <b>h</b> one	h <b>ou</b> st (anfitrión)
ə <b>k</b> ou	t <b>ou</b> st
[əloun] ə <b>l</b> oune	Cou <b>ca</b> Cou <b>l</b> a
s <b>ou</b> cial	B <b>ou</b> th (ambos)
S <b>ou</b> ny	D <b>ow</b> n <b>l</b> oad (descargar)
N <b>ou</b>	s <b>ou</b>
R <b>ei</b> d <b>ou</b>	J <b>ou</b> ke (broma)

[wɒkt] w**o**lket  
so **o**ut **th**ough

D <b>ir</b> ect <b>or</b>	D <b>ir</b> ect <b>or</b>
Fin <b>an</b> ce	dir <b>ec</b> tion
Fin <b>an</b> cial	dir <b>ec</b> t
id <b>en</b> tify	id <b>en</b> ti
id <b>en</b> tification	id <b>en</b> ti

Present	past	Participle
Write	wrote	written
<b>(escribir)</b>		

Present	past	Participle
Wake	Woke	Woken
(despertarse)		

noise (ruido)

Bank holiday (puente/ día festivo)

Doctor

Failed (suspendido)

To match (juntar/unir)

→ igualar, llegar a la altura de (equal in quality, performance); emparejar (pair up); pegar con, combinar con (of colors, clothes); coincidir con (of description, account)

- we can't match their prices no podemos igualar sus precios
- to match somebody against somebody enfrentar a alguien con alguien
- match your skill against the experts mide tu habilidad con los expertos
- to be well matched estar muy igualados(as) (teams, players)

to be a well-matched couple hacer buena pareja

[Taied] tired

[serkel] circle

To wait for + object.  
to + verb

Present	past	Participle
Try	Tried	Tried
(intentar/probar)		

Computer

Madly (locamente)

Along (a lo largo)

Spanish A	English A
1. <u>u</u> ncle (tio)	2. <u>a</u> nkle (tobillo)
3. <u>C</u> ut	4. <u>C</u> at
5. <u>F</u> ucke <u>t</u>	6. <u>F</u> act
7. m <u>u</u> ch	8. m <u>a</u> tch
9. m <u>u</u> d (barro)	10. m <u>a</u> d
11. l <u>a</u> st (London)	12. l <u>a</u> st (=Liverpool)
13. h <u>a</u> mm <u>e</u> r	14. h <u>a</u> mm <u>e</u> r (martillo)
14. d <u>a</u> nce (uk) ch <u>a</u> nc <u>e</u>	15. d <u>a</u> nce (usa) ch <u>a</u> nc <u>e</u>

You drink coffee

in a café/ coffee shop.

on a terrace.



Shelf	Shelve <u>s</u> (estanterias)
Wolf (lobo)	wolve <u>s</u>
Life	live <u>s</u>
knife	knife <u>s</u>
leaf (hoja)	leave <u>s</u>
Wife	wive <u>s</u>
leaf	Leave <u>s</u> of bread
Half	Halve <u>s</u>

To knock + object over.

To knock + object out.

To knock on the door.  
(darse con nudillos / tocar la puerta)

