

2018-02-28 Wednesday Montse Marco Marek Connell English notes 1

It has **bee**n a long time **(hace mucho tiempo)** since I have **bee**n there.

I'm **waiti**ng for you.

I'm **awa**iting your **answ**er.

I'm waiting for your **answ**er.

<p>Catch on</p> <p>1. To become popular. 2. Understand what is meant or how to do something.</p>	<p>TURN/SWITCH</p> <p>ON OFF</p> <p>TO PUT ON</p>
<p>take off</p> <p>1. To become popular. 3. (despegar/quitar ropa)</p>	<p>TO TAKE OFF</p>

Cosier **co**zy (acogedor)

Cozy

<p>Pick up (Recoger)</p>	<p>drop off (dejar)</p>
<p>"I will pick up the kids."</p> <p>"I will pick the kids up."</p>	<p>"I will pick up her."</p> <p>"I will pick her up." (pronoun)</p>

The Phrasal Verb **GOLDEN rule: If you use an **DIRECT OBJECT PRONOUN** (me, you, him/her/it, us, them), the phrasal verb **MUST** be separated, going between the verb and the particle.

Correct: Tom handed **it** in. I took **them** off.
Incorrect: Tom handed-in-it. +took-off-them-

To pick up (up arrow) **To put down** (down arrow)

Coger/levantar → **dejar**

To give someone a lift. (llevar alguien en coche)

To be out on the pull.
To be out to pick up +object. (ligar)
Trying to get lucky.

HOW TO PICK UP CHICKS

I have **had** a good day.

They have **had** fun. (ellos han tenido diversion)

Cave / bay (cala)

To do some sightseeing ("vista-ver").
(hacer turismo)

(monument**s**, muse**um****s**, landmark**s** etc)

do some sightseeing **object.**

We should **visit Big Ben.**
go sightseeing.

[wensdei] **Wed**nesday

flew

[ooɡəst] **Aug**ust

doi**ng**

dan**ce**t

lorry/ track **(camión)**

van **(furgoneta)**

TO TRAVEL BY/ IN OR ON

TO BE/GET IN (blue arrow pointing into a red car)
TO BE/GET OUT (red arrow pointing out of a red car)

TO BE/GET ON/OFF

VISUAL PHRASAL VERBS
London

