

2018-07-23 Monday Joanna Wójtowicz Marek Connell English notes 1

"was it called?" What is it called?

It was shown a huge contrast between him and his clothes.




A huge contrast was shown between him and his clothes.

Całkowicie (la pasarela) (wybieg)

It is a little explained in the movie.

It was explained a little in the movie.

Present	past	Participle
show	showed	Shown
		(mostrar/ enseñar)

The Underground The Tube (LONDON ONLY!)	
Mind the gap	
SUBWAY (NEW YORK ONLY!)	
METRO (system) →	(general term) any other country.
Métro	100cm

Metro is the most common term for underground rapid transit systems used by non-native English speakers.^[11] Rapid transit systems may be named after the medium by which passengers travel in busy **central business districts**; the use of **tunnels** inspires names such as *subway*,^[12] *underground*,^[13] *Untergrundbahn (U-Bahn)* in German,^[14] or the *Tunnelbana (T-bana)* in Swedish.^[15] the use of **viaducts** inspires names such as *elevated (L or el)*, *skytrain*,^[16] *overhead*, *overground* or *Hochbahn* in German. One of these terms may apply to an entire system, even if a large part of the network (for example, in outer suburbs) runs at ground level.

In most of **Britain**, a *subway* is a **pedestrian underpass**; the terms *Underground* and *Tube* are used for the London Underground, and the North East England **Tyne and Wear Metro**, mostly overground, is known as the *Metro*. In **Scotland**, however, the **Glasgow Subway** underground rapid transit system is known as the *Subway*. In most of **North America**, underground mass transit systems are primarily known as *subways*, whereas the term *metro* is a shortened reference to a **metropolitan area**. **Chicago's** **commuter rail** system that serves the entire metropolitan area is called *Metra*, while its rapid transit system that serves the city is called the "L". Rapid transit systems such as the **Washington Metro**, **Los Angeles Metro Rail**, the **Miami Metrorail**, and the **Montreal Metro** are generally called the *Metro*.

In most parts of the world these systems are known as a "metro" which is short for "metropolitan". The term "subway" is used in many American systems as well as in **Glasgow** and **Toronto**. The **system in London** uses the terms "underground" and "tube". Systems in Germany are called "U-Bahn", which stands for "Untergrundbahn" (underground track). Many systems in East and Southeast Asia such as **Taipei** and **Singapore** are called MRT which stands for Mass Rapid Transit. Systems which are predominantly elevated may be referred to as "L" as in **Chicago** or "Skytrain", as in **Bangkok** and **Vancouver**. Other less common names include "T-bane" (in Scandinavia) and "MTR".

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_metro_systems

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rapid_transit

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rapid_transit#cite_note-11

Reputation

Outrage (la indignación)


Supreme Court of the United Kingdom

They are infringing on their rights.

infringe. When you infringe on someone's space, time, or rights, you're getting involved in a way that is not cool. That's why, when you violate a copyright, you're said to infringe upon it.

Authorities

to roll out (extender con el rodillo, lanzar)

Disease or illness?
In many cases, terms such as disease , disorder , morbidity , sickness and illness are used interchangeably. There are situations, however, when specific terms are considered preferable. The term disease broadly refers to any condition that impairs the normal functioning of the body.


To get hooked on +object.
become addicted to +object
(estar enganchado)
The book hooked me in. (me engancho)

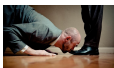


put your money on...to bet (apuesta).


Put your money into/towards +object. to invest.

treat people of for this illness.

What did they write?

What have they written?

Brown-nosing Sucking up to	+object			
: to try to get the approval of (an important or powerful person) by praise, flattery, etc. (hacer la pelota/lameculos)				
to coil the shots. ran the show. (llevar las riendas /poner las normas)				
As you wish / Ok, great/fantastic.				

To have a breakthrough (dar un gran paso adelante)	
a sudden, dramatic, and important discovery or development. "a major breakthrough in the fight against AIDS" an instance of achieving success in a particular sphere or activity. "his big breakthrough came in 1988 when he had two paintings accepted by the RSA"	

Assess/evaluate (evaluar)

Coup (d'état) (un golpe de estado)

1. a sudden, violent, and illegal seizure of power from a government.

"he was overthrown in an army coup"

2. an instance of successfully achieving something difficult.

"it was a major coup to get such a prestigious contract"

To revolutionate evolve	(evolucionar)
evolved	(evolucionado)
evolving	(evolucionando)

to seize

to seize memory

Everything is gravy. (good/great)

gravy (el caldo/jugo de carne)

I'm easy/gravy (I'm flexible)

