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2018-08-17 Friday Jose Carroza Marek Connell English notes 5

2010 00 17 Triday 303c Carroza Warek Commen English Hotes 3				
	Spoke about Jose's 4DX cinema experience			
	Incompany p31 +32 reading			
Work done	the Internet and newspapers.			
work done	El garbi			
	Translation Booklet 40-50			
	Youtube Casey Neistat/MKBHD			
Hmk				
Start next class	P33 incompany q7+8+9.			

dack (pato) <a>★
shark (tiburon) <a>★

Whet have you been ap to? got ap to b**å**ån (todey) Whot have you (Not finished) been doing (this week(end)?) (que has hecho) get ap to Whot did wou (yesterd@₩) d@ (last week(end)?) (finished) (que hiciste)

"What have you been up to for the last 3 weeks?" "Did you get up to much last week?"

"I didn't get up to much last week"

"I haven't been up to much."

We mainly use this in a negative of interrogative structure. We don't usually use this expression in the positive.

We I got up to much

[múvment] m@vement 😤
A windy dew

Wind (viento)

It Olso has wind, water and movement.

T@ get wet. (mojarte)

[báte<mark>n</mark>] b<u>a</u>tt⊚<mark>n (boton) </mark>簽

It costॾ an <mark>arm</mark> and a <mark>leg. (un riñon/ ojo de la cara)</mark>

2 euros and a half 2 euros 50.

lt's		wərth <mark>it</mark> .	(vale la pena)	S		
11.5	not	werth <mark>it</mark> .	(no vale la pena)	(S)		
It's	5	(verb		!		
(singular)	t	wərth	verb+ing (<mark>+object)</mark>	?		
"Do			studying English in an acad			
	"Is it worth studying English in an academy?"					
	"I think eating Paella in Malvarossa is worth <mark>it</mark> ."					
N+' a	t's warth my while.					
#L 3	wərthwhile (bien gastado)					
	To bo werthy (deserving) (merecido)					

to recuperar)

*heich en ew

Didper (mas profundo) Trench (trinchera)

S₫a

Low (lei) [loo]
Lower (capa) [leie]
Lier (mentira) [laie]
Lowyer (abogado) [loie]
Lower (mas bajo) [loue]

You have to put the spaghetti through (a traviesa) the soustines when it is hard and ancooket.

The need goes through (a traviesa) the skin.

You can go through o tannel.

Verb /go /put through (a travesar)

1.Thick (grueso/espeso/tonto) walls

2.Thin m@inly for things. (delgado)

Thin skinny (=rude for piopbe)

3.Slim (polite for piopbe)

Exists a new occupation exists.

Båfore the film startåd, they put on an advert to show you have the system werks.

1. ad (an ad-bretik)
2. advert
3. an advertisement (publicidad/
4. advertising indastry anuncios)
5. To advertise (the person/company)
6. an advertise TV Adverts /commercials (anuncios en la tele)

Transitive verb intransitive verb Cannot be followed by an object without a preposition. Can be followed by an object without a "Marek sat in the chair." preposition. starts the film > the film starts "Marek broke the chair." happen appear occur exist @pen start Transitive phrasal verbs are generally Intransitive phrasal verbs are not generally separable. separable. He picks up the chair I ran into an old friend yesterday. He picks the chair up or... I ran an old friend into vesterday. An action verb that cannot have a direct object to receive the action. · Many verbs normally do not have an object, they are the intransitive verbs · They are often refer to: Existence Appear, die, disappear, live, happen, remain. The human body Ache, bleed, blush, faint, shiver, smile. Cough, cry, laugh, speak, snore, scream, yawn. Light, smell, vibration Glow, shine, sparkle, stink, throb, vibrate Position, movement Arrive, come, depart, fall, flow, go, kneel, run, sit, sleep, http://www.slideshare.net/ghobbib/separable-phrasalverbs **The Phrasal Verb GOLDEN rule: If you use an DIRECT OBJECT PRONOUN (me, you, him/her/it, us, them), the phrasal verb MUST be separated, going be

Tom handed it in.

Incorrect: Tom handed in it.

I took the

Correct:

http://jetlag-english.blogspot.com.es/2012/04/separableinseparable-phrasal-verbs-will.html

Does it rigally add to the experience?

Syncronis

We didn't think that Megaladon would be so good.

It wes far/mach better than we expected.

It's the dok's bollecks! (≈la ostia)

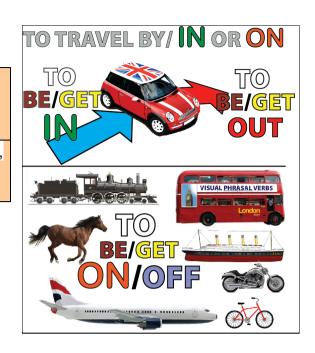


to be the **cat's whiskers**. To be highly enjoyable, desirable, or impressive, especially in a fancy or elaborate way.

I have soon Jurasic Park meny times.

Discass 🕸





Deep(profundo)

(🗐) (handheld) computer-games console(S).



For mo fortnight is boring.

I'm ennowed that they callet me seemly.

A fine

If you start a sentence with a verb, it is almost always to verb+ing. Getting a fine is annowing.

I am bor<mark>ed *(estoy* aburrido)</mark> ...(of <mark>+object</mark>).
I am bor<mark>ing *(soy* aburrido)</mark> *"It is bor<mark>ing"</mark>*

Adjectiv	es
estoy -ed	Es/soy in k
Refers to the feeling/opinion	Refers to the situation
b o r <mark>et</mark>	b <u>o</u> r <mark>ink</mark>
<u>i</u> nt@r e s <mark>ted</mark>	<u>i</u> nt@rest <mark>ink</mark>
ગnn <u>o</u> ∳ <mark>હાદ</mark>	enn <u>o</u> ÿ <mark>iñ</mark> €
f <u>a</u> scine <mark>ted</mark>	f <u>a</u> scinet <mark>ing</mark>
l <u>i</u> bere <mark>ttåd</mark>	l <u>i</u> bereit <mark>ing</mark>
str e ss <mark>et</mark>	Str <u>e</u> ss <mark>ful</mark>
r . sp <u>e</u> c <mark>t. d</mark>	But → respect <mark>ful</mark>
f <mark>¢</mark> ar <mark>et</mark>	f ໍ ຼາກ <mark>ful</mark>
enco <u>a</u> rđig <mark>et</mark>	enco <u>a</u> růg <mark>ink</mark>
emb <u>a</u> rress <mark>et</mark>	emb <u>a</u> rress <mark>ing</mark>
Tito	Tĩ t <mark>ển</mark> g.

It d@esn't ring @ o bell to me (no me suena)

It (d@esn't) seem /s@und familiar.

[woo] wor (guerra)

lt's	an	inte	restii	ng	
	pla	≠ geir	ne.	jueg	U
		Plœÿ	·	juga	r
	B	€ to	V	(juget	te)

T@ connect to +object.

To disconnect of from +object.

It's possibe to pley on a laptop.

[invenshen] invensien

e ks[eksámpel(s)] L

my free wenings...

Menos mal

- · it's a good thing
- · it's just as well
- · luckily
- · it's a good job (colloquial) (United Kingdom)

to recuperar)

	False Friend				
1	inversion				
1.	t o inve				
	t@ invest in	<mark>+object</mark> .	(invertir)		
2.	. Invester(S) (inversionista(s))				
-	T@ de meke an Investment (inversion)				

Stock market (la bolsa)

To impose (imponer)

Féé (tasa/precio)

tariff (arancel)

treide (el comercio, intercambiar)

Harley Davidson left the U.S.A for this reason.

the lunited States

	ADJECTIVE RULES				
	\rightarrow	to	\rightarrow	+ verb	
adjective	→ →	for	\rightarrow	verb+ing	
			\rightarrow	<mark>+object</mark>	
# is important the +object (Spanish structure)					
	The object is important.				
1.				ery interesting.	
	e.g: <mark>T</mark>	ennis	is <mark>a</mark> ver	y interesting game.	
	It is important <mark>to + verb</mark> .				
2.				play tennis well.	
	Con	nputer	s are cr	ritical <mark>for</mark> learning.	

WhՉt the	hell (infiem	is that?
	f⊚ck	
	(wtf)	
(Que d	coño es	eso)

1	Wh Q t	Qué
2	Wh∳ H@w c@m@ (inversio	pn)
	B ₫ c <u>O</u> us@	porque
3	When	cuándo
4	W h e re	Dónde
5	₩h©	Quién
6	Haw	Cómo
7	h@w mach	cuanto
,	H@w m@ny <mark>*</mark>	Cuanto
8	H@w m@ny times	Cuantas veces
9	H@w <u>o</u> ften	con que frequencia
10	H@w lon®	(take) Cuanto tiempo

How lonk have you had this investment (inversion).

a shere (una accion)

Take profit (aprovechar)			
to teke took too			
m@k@ t© represent the m@st of +object.			
(≈sacar lo mejor)			

You buy same agrical hard (tierra).

T@ end ap (acabar) verb+ing +object





Midde man (intermediario)

Prevalent (frecuente, corriente) %

To be on the look out for +object. (buscando/ser pendiente de algo)

L@ok @ut! (cuidado!)

[foun] phene 😤 [moust] mest

[bouz] beta

newsper (periodico)

Obj<u>e</u>ctive

Not influenced by personal feelings or opinions in considering and representing facts.

Sabjective

Based on or influenced by personal feelings, tastes, or opinions.

Tawn

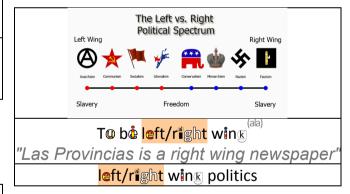
[gavement] g@vernment

to vote for +object.

I veted for PP.







deily (cotidianas)

To resonate with so many different meanings")

To eveke (evocar)

Incr@asinkly (cada vez...) more.

MAKE creation







Build/ Construct love/peace/war, money, the bed, a cake, a plan, a fire, progress, an offer, arrangements, a suggestion, a decision, an effort, an excuse, an exception, a mistake, a noise, a phone call, a profit, a fortune, space, a brief

Do action







Sport, Business, work, an exam, a course, a presentation, the shopping, the ironing, activities, good/harm, a favour, your best,

exercise, 50km/h, a reservation, a calculation

sport e^{ks}ercise Practice You "practice" make ₩<u>∞</u>gə skill or an ability. to do pilates "I'm going to practice my golf swing" "I need to practice my skiing turns." skiing to practice **to**cycle swim/jog/ran/climb e geme. basketb@II to plev To go to the gwm <mark>volleÿb9ll</mark> footb[©]II

Push/press-aps (flexiones)

Sit-aps (abdominales)

SKWOts (sentadillas)

I use a lot this phone lot.

Pull-aps (dominadas)

Barc@d@ (codigo de barras)

To kick my own ass.

It depends on the hour

to commute (travel to and from work)

commuters

(people that travel to and from work)

Haw long is your wife's commute to work?

My wife's commute to work is 10 minutes.

Claan 😭

Cleanliness (la limpieza)

My <mark>her</mark> boss called <mark>t๏ไป</mark> h็ฃ๊ อไอ้<u>อ๊นั้น</u> t็ก๊ฃ pr๏m<u>๏</u>๛๊เ๋อก.

g⊕ <mark>@p</mark>

g@ sk*high

To ("The price of petrol has gone sky-

high!")

sky-rocket (el cohete).

("The price of petrol has sky-rocketed!")

(subir/augmentar)

The price of sugar has sky-rockettod. M

The playgraund (patio de jugar) wos very bored boring (aburrido).

I felt/wes very bored.

Mauntains

High heels (tacones altos)

A high-hools shoes

🖺 high h��l sh@g

Heel (tacon/ talón)

Heal (curar)



T@ b₫at ap

T[®] kick <mark>+object</mark> ass.

(dar una paliza, golpear)

It is beaten ap (desgastado)

Out of Vou 2 (entre vosotros 2).

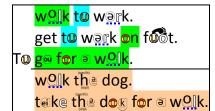
T© give 5 (marks) <mark>©ut of</mark> 10 **(sobre diez) fo**r

+object.

What would you put give m**¢ out** of 10?

I did it of for. (por)

.....



Stilts (el zanco)



I feel like going out to int of Paello this weekend.

You can log de horse to woter bot you can't make it drink.

Casey neistat 😤

Mkbhd 😤

stencil (la plantilla, estarcir)

I'm gona tell my doughters.

Whot do you think your doughters

coult do on You hube?

To be into +object.

(to like something)

What are you into?

"She is really into using new technology."

Andrea is into merkeup.

That's ell we need now!

We aren't doing this becouse it is boring.

I feel bored

[mesich] messch de g

Present past Participle
Come(s)comes come
venir

Present	past	Participle		
[bik <mark>a</mark> m] bå c <u>@</u> m@	[Bik <mark>el</mark> m] b¢ c <u>a</u> me	[bik <mark>a</mark> m] b å c <u>@</u> m@		
Convertirse/hacerse				

N<u>e</u>twork

Cally [kli] = thysically

hest (anfitrion)

to spread (untar; propogar, difundir, diseminar)

[in-fə-mei-shən] inform@@@n 🌋

to browse (to look oround)

	≈Tener ganas 🙊					
1	To be in the mood To have the desire			<mark>+object</mark> .		
2	T© <mark>fe</mark> €	el like ve	erb+ <mark>ing</mark>			
2	T@ fe	el 📵 p	for			
3	T@ b₫	■ p d@wn	for	g@ <mark>ing</mark> @ut s <u>@</u> mewh e re.		
4	Τ@	b å g@m@	e <mark>for</mark>			

To stand out from +object. (sobresalir/destacar)

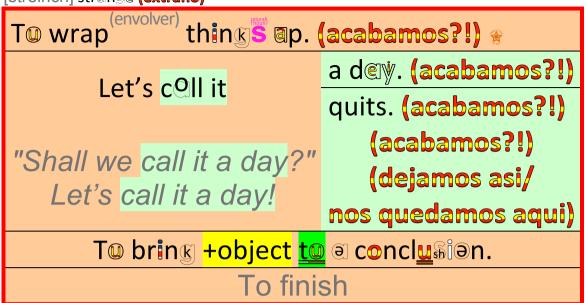
	d wiide '	<u>I</u> nterne web net web (ww te/webp	w)
	Sp <u>∎</u> der <mark>v</mark>	<mark>web</mark> .	
	f o ⊚tb⊆l tennis	net	
S <u>ଭ</u> ⊊ାଁଆ n	etwərk	a)	(Red social)

40.	Debe de tener muchos amigos.	He must have a lot of friends.
41.	Debe de ser muy generoso.	He must be very generous.
42.	¿Ha <mark>hecho</mark> <mark>alguna vez</mark> algo malo?	Has he ever done anything bad?
43.	Nunca ha <mark>hecho</mark> nada malo.	He's never <mark>done</mark> anything bad.
44.	¿Ha <mark>levantado</mark> <mark>alguna vez</mark> la voz?	Has he <mark>ever</mark> <mark>raised</mark> his voice?
45.	Nunca ha <mark>hecho</mark> eso.	He's never <mark>done</mark> that.
46.	¿Ha perdido <mark>alguna vez</mark> la paciencia?	Has he ever lost <mark>his</mark> patience?
47.	Eso nunca le ha pasado.	That's never happened to him.
48.	¿ <mark>Te</mark> ha <mark>llamado</mark> alguna vez idiota?	Has he <mark>ever called</mark> you an idiot?
49.	¿Tú qué crees?	What do you think?
	¿En qué crees?	(in) What do you believe in?

50. Creo que debe de ser un tipo extraño. I think he must be a strange guy.

To reise (levantar) choice

[streinch] streinge (extraño)



Shit may be the most powerful word in the English language:

You can be shitfaced, be shit out of luck, or have shit for brains. With a little effort you can get your shit together, find a place for your shit, or decide to shit or get off the pot.

You can smoke shit, buy shit, sell shit, lose shit, find shit, forget shit, or tell others to eat shit and die.

You can shit or go blind, have a shit fit or just shit your life away.

People can be shit-headed, shit-brained, shit-blinded, and shit-over. Some people know their shit, while others can't tell the difference between shit and shineola. There are lucky shits, dumb shits, crazy shits, and sweet shits.

There is bull shit, horse shit, and chicken shit. You can throw shit, sling shit, catch shit, or duck when shit hits the fan. You can take a shit, give a shit or serve shit on a shingle. You can find yourself in deep shit, or be happier than a pig in shit.

Some days are colder than shit, some days are hotter than shit and some Days are just shitty. Some music sounds like shit, things look like shit, and there are times when you feel like shit.

You can have too much shit, not enough shit, the right shit, the Wrong shit, or a lot of weird shit.

You can carry shit, have a mountain of shit, or find yourself up shit creek without a paddle. Sometimes everything you touch turns to shit and other times you swim in a lake of shit and come out smelling like a rose. Shit! When you stop to consider all the facts, it's the basic building block of creation.

And remember:once you know your shit, you don't need to know anything else.