

What have you been up to?		
What have you (Not finished)	got been up to been doing (que has hecho)	(today) (this week(end)?)
What did you (finished)	get up to do (que hiciste)	(yesterday) (last week(end)?)
<p>"What have you been up to for the last 3 weeks?" "Did you get up to much last week?" "I didn't get up to much last week" "I haven't been up to much." We mainly use this in a negative of interrogative structure. We don't usually use this expression in the positive. We/I got up to much</p>		



Interpretate interpret

Cheat day ("Puedes hacer trampa una vez por semana".)

En cuanto a...	
(re) regarding Concerning	→
In terms of	
In reference relation	verb+ing+object
Referring to	
When it comes	
In/with regards	
Talking about	

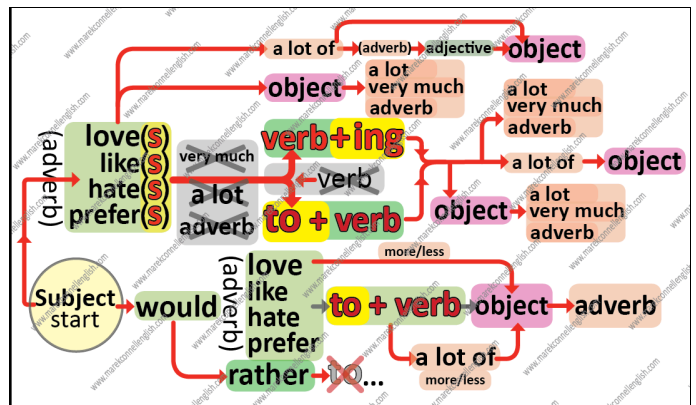
Duration	
0.5	1.5
30 minutes	1 and a half hours.
half an hour	An hour and a half
0.25	
Fifteen minutes	
A quarter of an hour.	

So as to... verb	
In order for that + pronoun to + verb	(Con el fin de)
<p>"I take a bag in order to not pay for a new bag each time." "In order to for they them to help him"</p>	



Becoming unemployed	
To get be fired from a job. (given) the sack	You lost your job because you did something wrong/ bad 
lose your job. laid off. made redundant.	Not your fault=because of unfortunate circumstances. 
resign (renunciar)	
If you lose your job you receive redundancy pay.	
<p>"They had to let me go." (≈ me tenían que despedir) "I resigned from my job"</p>	

I don't like to eat [pítsa] pítsa ≠ piksa

Snack (almuerzo)



We aren't ~~be~~ able to go out as a family.

False Friend	
<p>Nuts (frutos secos)</p> 	<p>dried fruit</p> 
<p> Raisins (pasas) nuts (frutos secos) Walnuts (Nueces) peanuts (cacahuetes) hazelnut (avellana) almonds (almendras)</p>	


Company

In ^(static)	(en)
Inside	(dentro)
Into	(en con movimiento)

Date^(uncountable) (datos)
 Date^(countable) (datil/fecha) Personal details^(countable)
 (datos personales)

1 month^(uncountable)
 2 months^(countable)

To wink at +object.
 (guiñarle un ojo a alguien)



to flash (papadear luz)
 to blink (parpadear, pestañear)
 to flash someone.
 "mostrarle..ej:los pechos, o en caso de varones, le indicó/mostró sus partes privadas"

In a **limited** company, the liability of members or subscribers of the company is **limited** to what they have invested or guaranteed to the company. **Limited** companies may be **limited** by shares or by guarantee.

Anonymous society

The difference^(difference) different^(different) ways^(ways). persistent^(persistent) persistence^(persistence)

Material

Label (la etiqueta)

Labour

Choosing the name words my task (tarea).

Experimental




Show^(show) show^(show)

she see^(see)

director^(director)

Guarantee^(guarantee)

Informatic^(informatic) I.T (Information technology)

Haiti	I.T.	
an Informatic I.T class (Information Technology) [≈Haiti]		
an I.T technician (informatico)		
a techie (a person who is expert in or enthusiastic about technology, especially computing.) "I'm a techy." "I'm a techy person."		






Spanish A	English A
1. <u>a</u> ncle ^(tio)	2. <u>a</u> nk ^(tobillo)
3. <u>C</u> at	4. <u>C</u> at
5. <u>F</u> ack ^(fact)	6. <u>F</u> act
7. <u>m</u> ach	8. <u>m</u> atch
9. <u>m</u> ad ^(barro)	10. <u>m</u> ad
11. <u>l</u> ast ^(London)	12. <u>l</u> ast ^(=Liverpool)
13. <u>h</u> ammer	14. <u>h</u> ammer (martillo)
14. <u>d</u> ance ^(uk) <u>ch</u> ance	15. <u>d</u> ance ^(usa) <u>ch</u> ance
16. <u>R</u> an	17. <u>r</u> an
18. <u>c</u> arry	19. <u>c</u> arry ^(llevar peso)

Different^(different) of from/to/than^(de/desde)
 violento (-to) violent^(violent)
 1 difference^(difference) 2 differences^(differences)
 They are very different^(different)

Elegir		
Present	past	Participle
pick	picket	picket
select	Sele ^(select) ct	Sele ^(select) ct
cho ^(Elegir) ose	cho ^(Elegir) se	cho ^(Elegir) sen
choice ^(choice)	ele ^(election) ction=politic ^(politics) .	

You go to the **checkout** when you are ready to pay for your groceries.



1	To rob/steal something To rob someone	
2	To rob/steal (robar) something from someone. He robbed/stole me my mobile (from me). He stole robbed me. (punto!)	
3	Thief (ladron) Thieves (ladrones) Theft (el robo)	
4	A robber robs a bank	
5	A burglar burgles a house.	
6	A pickpocket (el carterista) To pickpocket someone. (=robar la cartera a alguien)	
7	To mug (atracar)	A mugger

	To + verb+ing (To + verb) EXCEPTIONS!!
	(oponerse) object resort look forward (ser ilusionado) dedicated related addicted to + (verb+ing) + object. be open used accustomed committed
	Thanks
	(clave) The key

Cashier (cajero)

Screen (pantalla)	
scream (chillar)	

About (sobre)	Beside (al lado)	Next to (al lado)	Throughout (a lo largo)	Verb+ink
Above (encima)	Between (entre)	Of (de)	Till (hasta)	
Across (a través de)	Beyond (más allá de)	Off	towards (hacia)	
After (después)	By (al lado)	On (encima)	Under (abajo)	
Against (contra)	Down (bajo)	Onto (a, en)	Underneath (abajo)	
Along (entre)	During (durante)	Opposite (enfrente de)	Until (hasta)	
Among (sobre)	For (por/para)	Out (fuera)	Up (arriba)	
Around (alrededor de)	From (de)	Outside (fuera)	Upon	
At (a, en)	In (en)	Over (encima de)	With (con)	
Before (antes)	Inside (dentro)	Round (alrededor de)	Within (dentro)	
Behind (detrás)	Into (en*)	Since (desde)	Without (sin)	
Below (debajo de)	Near (cerca)	Through (a través de)		
To + Verb (90% of cases)				

All **live**s are important.

Party animal (**fiestero**)

To **party** ("fiestear")

The same ~~that~~ **as** her colleague.

Prescribe (**recetar**)

prescription

1. **Classic** = typical/iconic **clásico**
 2. **Classical** = music

Nursery (**la guardería**)

The **minute**s of the meeting (**la acta**) ★

Nurse (**enfermer@**)

Cave / bay (**cala**)

To get ~~a~~ compensation **u**.

Scam (**la estafa, el timo**)

[bé-rid] buried (**enterrado**)

[beri] bury (**enterrar**)



A **chav** person (**gentuza**)
 (poligonero/choni/garrulo/ cani)

PRONUNCIATION

Give sounds like: live (vibrar) → house
five sounds like: live (vivir) → concert
1 life but: 2 live s
Lively (animado)
To be alive

blame (**culpar**)

To **be** (the one) to **blame**. (**el culpable**)






be at fault (**error**)

blame ~~to~~ +object for verb+ing +object.

"I blame Rajoy for covering up corruption."
 "Rajoy is the one to blame for...."

It is my fault (**error**).

Armchair (el sillón)

Couch (sofá)	
Coach (bus) (bas/entrenadore)	 
Trainer (zapatos de deporte/ entrenadores)	 

I was in London	Estaba en
I went to the Vatican.	Fui a
<p>"I was in London when the world trade centres in New York were attacked."</p> <p>"I went to London for my summer holidays."</p>	
<p>I have been to the Vatican.</p> <p>I have been to a live concert.</p>	<p>He ido a</p> <p>He estado en</p>
<p>I have been in London</p> <p>I have been to London</p>	<p>He estado en</p>
<p>"Where have you been?" →</p> <p>"We haven't seen you in quite a while. →</p> <p>"What have you been up to?" →</p>	
I was at a party.	I was went to a party.
<p>Where are you? I am in London.</p> <p>Have you been to Germany? Yes I have been to Germany.</p> <p>I was in Germany when the wall came down.</p>	





To travel on business or pleasure.


A pleasure trip

I'm travelling for pleasure.

I don't like travelling / to travel a lot.

Catch

"Mauris live in tins in the Mountains"	
1 On a mountain	
2 In the mountains	
3 In the mountain.	
4 To go to the mountains	

tin of beans (solids)	
jar of beans	
can of Coke (liquids)	
Una lata	

Parents
laughing

[ri-sai-kel] rescaibe

[mei-a] meyer (alcalde)

The house is not bigge bikk enough.

Ballet
Baffet
Shalet
parquet
[goomei] Gourmet
Bouquet (el ramo)

To	stop ban deter	+ (object) from verb+ing something
	prevent prohibit forbid	+ (object) from verb+ing

to avoid verb+ing +object.

While similar, the verbs **avoid** and **prevent** are not the same idea. To **avoid** is to not go near something that is currently happening. To **prevent** is to stop something from existing or happening altogether.

- **prevent** = to stop something from happening or someone from doing something:
- **avoid** = to stay away from someone or something.

However, if you *avoid doing* something, this can be more or less synonymous with *preventing* it. Example:

Most workplace accidents can be **avoided/prevented** with proper safety training.

Think of this use of *avoid* as metaphorically "dodging" a situation. If you can *avoid* the conditions where something can happen (or avoid being in that situation at all) you have effectively *prevented* it from happening

[loos] lows

Different pronunciation	
[gráchiuait] To graduate (verb)	[gráchiuet] a graduate (noun)
I have just been graduated myself from university!!!	
I was graduated.	
A graduation ceremony.	

Country

Knowledge

Brain drain (fuga de cerebros)

moment

[gavement] government

To do/ study vocational training (capacitación/ ciclo formativo/formación profesional)

higher education

False Friend	
A title	
a certificate	
k w Olificeshien (un título)	

Chenhet
Nowadays

A brick carton of milk	
A Cartoon programme (animated movie)	
Cardboard (el cartón)	
Brick (ladrillo)	


To think (that) → verb+ing → noun
than + verb+ing
To be + like + verb+ing

Communicate

Focus on +object.

Series

Idol

[wɔɪ] wɔɪl (pared/muro)	
[wɔː] wɔːr (guerra)	
[wɜːlt] wɜːlt (mundo)	
[wɜːt] wɜːt (palabra)	
[wɜːk] wɜːk (trabajo/ar)	

Young

Realm (el reino)


Again

Again

Guilty (el culpable, el acusado)

Spin (hacer) girar

False Friend	
1.	<p>Actually en realidad /en definitiva/ de verdad</p> <p>At the moment hoy en día/ actualmente</p> <p>Currently</p> <p>Nowadays</p> <p>current actual/ vigente</p>

		
get fit	/be fit	/keep fit
get in shape	/be in shape	/keep in shape
Ponerse	Estar	Mantenerse
en forma		
unfit=not fit/unfit/ out of shape		

I haven't been keeping fit.

Far left/right

To portray (retratar, representar)

Previous (anterior)

neighbour	neighbour
character	character

Change

+	-
Advantage	disadvantage
Upside	downside
pros	cons
ap	Down
	<p>pitfall</p> <p>downfall</p> <p>drawbacks</p> <p>shortcomings</p> <p>(los defectos, las deficiencias)</p>
Strength (fortalezas)	Weaknesses (debilidades)

Ache ≠ _ _ _ _ _	
Store (almacén)	mortgage (hipoteca)
im	Mess
College (bachiller)	[cotich] cott (casita rural)
[vilich] vill	Lagg
Percentage	Advantage
Encourage (animar)	

+adjective	
+adverb	
much	(+object)
many	
popular	
quickly	
much money	
many friends	
adj	+object
good	an answer
much	of an idiot
<p>"He is as good as me."</p> <p>"He is not so/so good as me."</p> <p>"Is he as good as me?"</p>	

<p>Practice</p> <p>make</p> <p>to do</p>	<p>sport</p> <p>exercise</p> <p>yoga</p> <p>pilates</p> <p>skiing crossfit</p>	<p>You "practise"</p> <p>a skill or an ability.</p> <p>"I'm going to practice my golf swing"</p> <p>"I need to practice my skiing turns."</p>
to practice to skate / swim / jog / run / climb		
to play	<p>a game.</p> <p>basketball</p> <p>volleyball</p> <p>football</p>	To go to the gym

Shopping centre	UK
Shopping mall	USA
Department store (almacen)	El Corte Inglés
(el ocio) Leisure centre	(centro deportivo)

Real estate	(UK) /
To work in real estate.	(USA)
To work for a real estate agency.	Immobiliaria
estate agency	(UK)
property (propiedad)	
A Real estate agency (USA)	
An estate agency (UK)	

How to talk about CONSUMERISM	
To consume (verb)	(consumir)
"We are consuming the World's resources"	
Consumption (noun)	The action of using up resources.
(El consumo)	
"The consumption of convenience goods (bienes) is on the rise."	
"We must reduce energy consume consumption."	
Consumerism	Characterized by a preoccupation with the acquisition of consumer goods.
Noun or adjective	"A consumerist society"
	A person who believes in consumerism.
	"self-indulgent consumerists"
	(consumista)
"the Consumerism is a big issue nowadays."	
A consumerist	A person who believes in consumerism.
	"A consumerist society"
A consumer (noun)	A person who purchases goods and services for personal use.
	(consumidor)
"Consumers are always keen on finding the best deals."	
"I'm a very consumer person."	
"I'm a (very) big consumer person."	

Euro	To give your take on a topic.
"What's your take on that?"	

deincher	(deinche) (pelgro)
deincherous	(deincheres) (and)