

2019-03-25 Monday Montse Marco Marek Connell English notes 1

Work done	Duolinguo 14 days of progress . ✓ P16,p17p18
Hmk	Pages 19+20+21
Start next class	Revise and Check P18 vocabulary b.

Electric toothbrush  
Sheep

Cheap cheaper

Delivery

We haven't seen each other since Fallas.

(tomando el pelo/chinchando)

I'm pulling your leg.

To take the piss / mickey out of someone.

You are taking the mickey.

To take liberties.

I'm joking with you.

To take someone for a ride  
deceive or cheat someone.

"it's not pleasant to find out you've been taken for a ride by someone you trusted"

I have thought about it.

Programming programme

Outside

To get some perspective.

I will start with 3-year-old children.

Hairs

Otherwise (de lo contrario)

Pick up (Recoger) drop off (dejar)

"I will pick up the kids." "I will pick him up." (pronoun)  
"I will pick the kids up." "Can you pick me up?"

\*\*The Phrasal Verb GOLDEN rule: If you use an DIRECT OBJECT PRONOUN (me, you, him/her/it, us, them), the phrasal verb MUST be separated, going between the verb and the particle.

Correct: Tom handed it in. I took them off.  
Incorrect: Tom handed-in-it. I took-off-them.



Coger/levantar → dejar

To give someone a lift. (llevar alguien en coche)

To be out on the pull.

To be out to pick up +object.

Trying to get lucky.



(ligar)



Weird (strange)

I ain't missing you at all.





Miss or love



- I'm always losing my keys.
- To lose a competition.
- To lose your job.

	<p> <small>(geralmente)</small> <b>To miss</b> <small>(geralmente)</small> a(n):         </p>	<p> <small>(geralmente)</small> <b>chance</b>  <b>class</b>  <b>opportunity</b> </p>	<p> <b>flight</b> <b>(vuelo)</b>  <b>bas</b> </p>
<p> <small>(geralmente)</small> <b>I miss</b> <small>(geralmente)</small> you ♥ <b> echar de menos</b> </p>			
<p> <b>That is what is missing/</b> <b>lacking</b> <b>. Eso es lo que faltaba</b>          (Continuous tense only)       </p>			
<p> <i>"Yesterday I missed my favourite series."</i>  <i>"I have never missed a flight (vuelo) in my life."</i> </p>			

1. To wander (preguntarse/ maravillarse)  
2. To awander /r<sup>o</sup>am (around)  
(vagar/ andar perdido)

		(averiguar/descubrir)	
	 		
<p>"I can't figure out what to do with my life"</p> <p>"How can I find out who this phone number belongs to"</p> <p>"you can know find out a lot about a person from their taste in shoes"</p>			

Stad y in k

Responsible

usually

[Gr8] [greit](#)

gr8t

**traffic light (el semáforo)**

# Future

**IC** future forms

*be going to + infinitive*

**future plans and intentions**

My sister's **going to adopt** a child.  
 Are you **going to buy** a new car?  
 I'm not going to **go to** New York next week.

**predictions**

I think they're going to win. (They're playing very well.)  
 It's going to rain. (The sky is very dark.)

*• Using to NOT will / won't when you have already decided to do something.*  
*• With the verb go you can leave out the infinitive.*  
*I'm not going (to go) to New York.*

**present continuous: be + verb + -ing**

**future arrangements**

We're getting married in October.  
 They're meeting at 10.00.  
 She's leaving on Friday.

*• You can usually use present continuous or going to for future plans / arrangements.*  
*→ going to shows that you have made a decision.*  
*We're going to get married in the summer.*  
*→ Present continuous emphasizes that you have made the arrangements.*  
*We're getting married on July 12th (e.g. we've booked the church).*

**will / shall + infinitive**

I'll have the steak. (**instant decision**)  
 I won't tell anybody where you are. (promise)  
 I'll carry that bag for you. (offer)  
 Shall I help you with your homework? (offer)  
 Shall we eat out tonight? (suggestion)  
 You'll love the film! (prediction)

*• Use will / won't (NOT the present simple) for instant decisions, promises or offers, and suggestions.*  
*• Use shall (NOT will) with I and we for offers and suggestions when they are questions.*  
*• Use will or going to for predictions.*

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[illegible]

## Cutlery (cubiertos)

**Court**

Lorry/ truck (camión)

track

beat

(Present + Past simple)  
[ká-sən(s)]ə  
cousin

(derecha/le(es))  
**LOW**

ough/augh=[u/af]	
Present	Ought = [ot]
Past simple	
(comprar) <b>buy</b> (gruñir)	(boot) (compr., compra) <b>bought</b> (past simple)
(traer) <b>bring</b> (gruñir)	(brought) (past bring) <b>brought</b> (past simple)
(pelear) <b>fight</b> (compr., compra)	(foot) (past fight) <b>fought</b> (past simple)
(enseñar) <b>teach</b> (gruñir)	(tooth) (past teach) <b>Tought</b> (past simple)
(coger en el aire) <b>catch</b> (gruñir)	(kot) (past catch) <b>caught</b> (past simple)
(pensar) <b>think</b> (gruñir)	(ZOOT) (pens., pensado) <b>thought</b> (past simple)
(ə)th(ə)ugh (adverbio)	
(laaf) (dur) <b>laugh</b> (gruñir)	(raf) (dur) <b>roder</b> (gruñir)
(raf) <b>to der</b>	(li-raf) <b>en der</b> (gruñir)