



2019-10-11 Friday Cristina Cordón A2 Marek Connell English notes 1,5

Work done	
Hmk	
Start next class	P31 exb p155 Vocab

Pick up (Recoger)  drop off (dejar) 

"I will pick up the kids." ~~"I will pick up her."~~  
 "I will pick the kids up." "I will pick him up." (pronoun)  
 "Can you pick me up me?"

\*\*The Phrasal Verb GOLDEN rule: If you use an DIRECT OBJECT PRONOUN (me, you, him/her/it, us, them), the phrasal verb MUST be separated, going between the verb and the participle.

Correct: Tom handed it in. I took them off.  
 Incorrect: Tom handed-in it. I took-off them.



Coger/levantar → dejar

To give someone a lift. (llevar alguien en coche)

To be out on the pull.

To be out to pick up +object.



(ligar)

Trying to get lucky.

Does this leave scars?

Printed

Strengthen way

Fences

Other

Country

argue in

spend

To make a mess

messy & tidy

Love	come
laugh	become
[dav] dove (paloma)	company
cover	some
discover	son
[glav] glave	brother
flood	mother
blood	

To loan / lend to +object.  
 To borrow from

To erase/delete (eliminate/eradicate (borrar)

To rub out (borrar)

rub out (borrado)

(a rubber)

(An eraser)



A condom=

a rubber (colloq)  
 a jonny



To cross out a word. (tachar)

(it is) crossed out (tachado)



Fast guide

Cleaned

First

Yet already

Fast still

Home  
Vocht  
Iodine  
Young  
Tidy  
Tidier

Already	(positive sentence)	ya
	I have seen it already.	
	I have already seen it.	
Yet	(generally end of sentence)	≈aun
	I haven't seen it yet. (common)	
	I haven't yet seen it. (less common)	
	"Have you met marek yet?" (ya)	
	"Is he here yet?"	
	I have yet to see it. (less common)	
Still	(after aux/modal before main verb)	≈todavía
	I still need to do it.	
	I'm still reading the book.	
	I still haven't finished the book.	

Keppbeart (armario≈la cocina)

	(cuidar)
1.	To watch
2.	To put keep an eye on (hechar un vistazo)
3.	To look after +object
4.	To take care about of
	To take care about

Booth

Bath

Bath

I know friends that they are happy.

Let's move on

1	Jewelrys	
	Jewellerys	
	A Jewel	
2	A Jeweller's	joyeria
3	A Jeweller	joyero

Carry	on	verb+in	with...
go	on	verb+in	with...
keep	on	verb+in	with...
	(continue) (durar/ continuar)		
	To go on to + verb +object.		
	To do something else in the future:		
	"He went on to win the final." (≈llegar)		

Sou


	ough/augh=[u/af]
Present	Ought = [ot]
	Past simple
buy	bought
bring	brought
fight	fought
teach	tought
catch	cought
think	thought
	(al)though
laugh	rough
tough	inough
Fot molt /tot /cot ingles	

Message	
message	
To have a message (done)	
Message	
message	

Handicapped (incapacitado/desventaja)  
Paraplegic  
disabled people (menos valido)  
invalid people

<p>To <b>sew</b> (<b>coser</b>)</p> <p>sew <b>in</b>g</p> <p>sew <b>er</b>s (<b>cosedores</b>)</p>	
<p>to <b>sow</b> <b>seed</b>s (<b>sembrar</b>)</p>	
<p>sew <b>er</b>s (<b>sistema de alcantarillas</b>)</p>	
<p>a <b>sow</b></p> <p>(an adult female pig)</p>	

**Co**lour

<p>The <b>bride</b> and (th<b>e</b>) (<b>bride</b>)groom.</p>	
<p>a <b>marri</b>et <b>coupl</b>e.</p>	

<b>Se</b> ason
<b>Re</b> cepshion
<b>South</b>
<b>mauth</b> (s)
<b>manth</b> (s)

Gone vrs Have
<p>⚠ Compare the present perfect of go and be.</p> <p>He's gone to Paris. = He's in Paris now.</p> <p>He's been to Paris. = He went to Paris and came back.</p>

Where **have** they **gone**?

**So**w

Present	past	Participle
<b>wear</b>	<b>wore</b>	<b>worn</b>
<b>(llevar puesto)</b>		

**Re**ceipt