


double and triple.







I'm feeling a bit under the weather.
(I'm not feeling very well.)



(pachuch@/me encuentro un poco mal)

Snazzy (stylish and attractive)

RobbEt /stolen





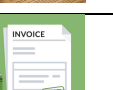


1	To rob/ steal something. To rob someone.	
2	To steal someone. To rob/ steal something from someone. He robbed / stole my mobile (from me). He stole my mobile (punto!).	
3	thief thieves theft	
4	A robber robs a bank	
5	A burglar barges a house.	
6	A pickpocket (el carterista) To pickpocket someone. (≈robar la cartera a alguien)	
7	To mug (atracar) A mugger	

FrightenEt

ZOO

Thief thieves

The content of the van
(furgoneta) is included.

Receipt	
receipt	
Energy bills	
Restaurant bill	
a government bill (el proyecto de ley)	
invoice	
Doctor's prescriptions	

all people everybody have has a mobile.

A grand = (£/€/€) 1000 ("a €")
3 grands = (£/€/€) 3000 ("3 €")
20K [keis] = 20,000 ("20 €")
"My car cost me 7 grand" (7 thousand)
"I earn 150k a year"
My car has got 56thousand kilometers on the clock.

Take time (costar tiempo)
+object cost\$ money. +object tei ke\$ time.
I like to take my time. (coger mi tiempo)
How long does it take... (OBJECT PRONOUN) to + verb ...)? (cuanto tiempo cuesta) "How long does it take (you) to get to the moon" "How much time does it take (you) to get to the moon"
it tei ke\$ 10 minute\$ / hour\$ / day\$. (OBJECT PRONOUN) to get to +object. "It takes about three days to get to the moon" "it takes me one hour to cook a meal (comida)."

1. [(Dis)əd'vántich] ədvántich
2. [(dis)əd'vántichs] ədvántichs

Younk
(young)

The rest of people everybody else.

Haiti	I.T. 
--------------	---

An informatie i.T class

(Information Technology) [≈Haiti]

an i.T technician (informatico)

"He works in I.T"

"He is an I.T technician"



a techie







(a person who is expert in or enthusiastic about technology, especially computing.)

"I'm a techy."

"I'm a techy person."



As a matter of fact/ in fact (de hecho)

1	To be (preposición) (ser/ estar)	put ([təʊn] girar /cumplir) (ado/ido)	off from doing +object. de/desde	(estar desanimado)	
2	a (un/una)	put ([təʊn] girar /cumplir)	off ([əpəgədo/a /fise /de] de desanimado/desanimado)	(un desánimo)	
3	To (preposición)	put ([təʊn] girar /cumplir)	+object off till/until later. [haga] [hasta] [hasta] [hasta]	"I'm going to put off doing my English homework until next week." (dejar para luego)	
4	a (un/una)	turn on ([təʊn] girar /cumplir) (encima de) (encendido)	(que te pone)	(noun)	
5	To (preposición)	turn ([təʊn] girar /cumplir)	+object on/off ([encendido] [de desanimado/cancelado])	(encender / apagar)	
6	To ([təʊn] girar /cumplir)	turn on ([təʊn] girar /cumplir)	someone (alguien)	to attack or criticize someone suddenly: He suddenly turned on me and accused me of not supporting him when he needed it.	

To ^(know) know ^(learn) learn	+object ^(the book)
To ^(teach) teach ^(show) show	or... +object ^(John) how to + verb +object ^(the book)
"I don't know ^{who to} believe." "I don't know ^{how to} ski" "I don't know ^{how to} do it."	

own ^(poseer)
^(proprio)

it is pointless for +object to verb.

Myself ^(reflexive)	← (Without the help of others.) →	By ^(possession) on my ^(own)
Myself ^(reflexive)	← (Alone) →	own ^(poseer) ^(proprio)
lonely (solitario)		

Proposal

each other = ^(one of each) one ^(un@) another ^(otro@)

Christ

Choras

Chores

It <u>s</u> ounds <u>m</u> e.
It <u>r</u> ings <u>a</u> bell
(me suena) "esto llama un timbre/campana"
It <u>d</u> oesn't ring <u>s</u> <u>a</u> bell <u>to</u> <u>m</u> e (no me suena)
It (d <u>o</u> esn't) seem <u>s</u> / <u>s</u> ound <u>s</u> familiar.

Delicate

Argue

Cheap skate (tacaño)

(ganarse la vida)
To ^(make) make ^(earn) earn ^(life) life living
to ^(make) make end ^(meet) meet.
What do ^(you) you do for ^(a) a living?

He has just started working.

Reckless (temerario, imprudente)

It's a totally different ball game.

Mould

Pro <u>n</u> oun <u>s</u>
pron <u>a</u> n <u>s</u>
pron <u>a</u> n <u>s</u>

To come <u>a</u> cross
to ^(come) come ^(across) across +object ^(casualidad primera vez que lo ves)
He <u>c</u> ome <u>s</u> across <u>a</u> s <u>a</u> nice man. ^(Parecer/aparentar)

Laboratory

Bik

There is no <u>u</u> se/point in <u>(verb+ing)</u> +object. ^(no tiene sentido)
"Was there any point in meeting him?"
It <u>h</u> as <u>m</u> ake <u>s</u> (no) sense.
It <u>h</u> asn't <u>d</u> oe <u>s</u> n't make sense.
There is no point in... What's the point of...
There's no "rule" here - just established idiomatic norms.
1a - There's no point in going. (most common) 1b - There's no point of going. (non-standard) 1c - There's no point to going. (sometimes acceptable) 2a - Is there a point in his action? (often acceptable) 2b - Is there a point of his action? (non-standard) 2c - Is there a point to his action? (most common) 3a - What's the point in that sculpture's being there? (often acceptable) 3b - What's the point of that sculpture's being there? (most common) 3c - What's the point to that sculpture's being there? (sometimes acceptable)

	They play with <u>e</u> ach <u>o</u> ther. They speak <u>t</u> o <u>e</u> ach <u>o</u> ther.	each other
'We started to get on with each other.' 'You have to look at yourself.' • Use each other when A does an action to B and B does the same action to A We love each other = I love you and you love me. • Use a reflexive pronoun (myself, yourself, himself, herself, itself, ourselves, yourselves, themselves) when the subject of the verb is the same as the object. I cut myself. She looked at herself in the mirror. • You can also use a reflexive pronoun for emphasis. Nobody helped me. I did it all myself.		

False Friend	
1. ^(education) education ^(school)	
2. ^(bring up) Apbringing ^(child-rearing) Child-reising	(la educación familiar)
To ^(raise) reise ^(children) children	(criar/educar)
To ^(be brought up) be brought up	(passive)

Apparet

To transform +object¹ into +object²

Pressure

Before 2000:	One thousand nine hundred and eighty- 1980 "nineteen eighty."
The Year 2000	
From 2001-2009	Only 1 option: "2 thousand and one"
From 2010-2999	Option 1 → "2 thousand and 10" (both options) Option 2 → "twenty-ten"
1525	"fifteen twenty five"
1905	"nineteen @ five"
1999	"nineteen ninety nine"
In the (early) 1800	"in the (early) eighteen hundred <u>s</u> "
In the nineties	90s
2000	(in) The 21st century (siglo)

On .

Discoveres (descubrimiento)

earlier

Female

Known

A critique (a commentary)

A critik (the person)

critical

Criticism (la crítica)

To criticise

'ui' [why]

assistance

European

Existence

Des <u>e</u> rt	
Dess <u>e</u> rt	
To des <u>e</u> rt	

Failire

Kindness (la amabilidad)